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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| 10/038,830 | 12/28/2001 | Steve Filipski | 58165-5001 | 9704 |
| JEFFER, MANGELS, BUTLER & MARMARO LLP Tenth Floor 2121 Avenue of the Stars | | | EXAMINER | |
| | | | KRISHNAN, GANAPATHY | |
| Los Angeles, CA 90067 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 1623 DATE MAILED: 10/22/2002 | 7 |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | 10/038,830 | FILIPSKI ET AL. | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | Ganapathy Krishnan | 1623 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | | | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on | | | | | | |
| ,_ | is action is non-final. | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-17 and 19-29</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | |
| , | | | | | | |
| 6) Claim(s) 1-17 and 19-29 is/are rejected. | | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. | | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner | | | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se | ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | |
| 11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on | is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved | ved by the Examiner. | | | | |
| If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. | | | | | | |
| 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 | | | | | | |
| 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | | | |
| a) All b) Some * c) None of: | | | | | | |
| 1 Certified copies of the priority documents | have been received. | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents | have been received in Application | on No | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | |
| 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application). | | | | | | |
| a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) | 5) Notice of Informal P | (PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152) | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

The amendments to claims 13-16, 26 and 28 are noted. A new Claim 29 has been added and Claim 18 has been cancelled without prejudice.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The 103(a) rejections of all claims advanced in the previous office action are being maintained.

Applicant's arguments filed 8/5/02 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

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In response to applicant's argument that the examiner has combined an excessive number of references, reliance on a large number of references in a rejection does not, without more, weigh against the obviousness of the claimed invention. See *In re Gorman*, 933 F.2d 982, 18 USPQ2d 1885 (Fed. Cir. 1991).

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, the instant compositions have combinations of several ingredients with slight differences in percentage. All of the key ingredients of the instant composition have been used in shaving and moisturizing compositions in the prior art cited. Some of them have been used in topical skin compositions and make up compositions. All the references cited in the prior office action may not recite the exact composition or the percentages of the active ingredients or the exact steps involved in using the composition or shaving. Some of the percentages cited may be in the range of the instant composition or may be close to that of the instant composition. For example, the use of sunblock, Berger's use of chlorphenesin, Soler's use of willow herb extracts and Ha's use of PEG-8, Chekroun, Mcatee and Lentini all disclose use of ingredients in topical skin applications. But all of these applications relate to the application of compositions to the skin just like the shaving composition. Ingredients like licorice and willow herb extracts have medicinal effects on the skin. Inclusion of these ingredients in a shaving composition has the

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added advantage of the medicinal effects of these ingredients on the skin in addition to smooth shaving. Inclusion of such ingredients in a shaving composition also obviates the need to use additional creams or lotions, which is a motivation to combine the teachings of the prior art.

White's (4994265) teaches a composition that is convenient to use, as water is not required for lathering or clean up. In such an application the residual shaving composition if any is conveniently wiped out or rubbed out on the skin. Even though there is no explicit suggestion, this fact is conveyed in White's teaching.

Since a kit containing a shaving cream (which is a composition) with a razor is taught by Rauch, it is still obvious to use either a single blade razor or a multiple blade razor in the kit.

All the claims are rejected.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

JAMES O. WILSON

UPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER